

The Banner.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO

SEMI - WEEKLY

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, O., post office as second class mail matter.

Subscription Rate—\$1.50 per year strictly in advance.

No. 5 MONUMENT SQUARE

FRANK HARPER, Editor.

Resolutions of Respect, Obituaries and Cards of Thanks, five cents per line

A get-together note from the G. O. P. reunion of standpatters: "The organization of Republican standpatters favors D. Meade Mause for Governor, but Congressman Frank Willis, who voted with Uncle Joe Cannon and the other standpatters, declared war on the organization and announced his candidacy for the governorship."

Whenever the standpat gang that is ruling the Republican party in Ohio gets together the members speak of the wonderful accomplishments of the G. O. P. in the last decade. Here is what U. S. Senator La Follette says of that record: "Promised tariff revision was juggled for 10 years. Combinations, trusts, monopolies, holding companies, interlocking directorates, the control of credit and capital—the monster evils with which we are now grappling—came into being and grew into lusty power, almost wholly within the period of the two last Republican administrations and while Republican leadership was dominant in both branches."

THAT "MACHINE"

Partisan papers have devoted columns of valuable space telling of the terrible machine building that is being done under the Warner appointment tax assessor law.

It takes an exceptionally elastic imagination to stretch these instances into machine building.

In Ashtabula county there are 39 deputy assessors under the Warner law and of these 22 are Republicans 16 are Democrats and one is a Socialist.

In Portsmouth, a partisan paper let out an awful howl about the machine that was to be built in that city, and the district assessor named 4 Republicans and no Democrats as deputy assessors in that city.

In Hamilton county there are 43 Democratic deputies, 16 who are Progressive, 25 Republicans and four Independent.

In Franklin county the ratio is: 16 Democrats, 8 Progressives, 9 Republicans, one Independent.

In Athens county: 7 Progressives, 5 Independent, 9 Democrats and one Socialist.

In Clarke county: 9 Republicans, 5 Progressives and 6 Democrats. Mercy what a machine!

WHAT WARNER LAW IS DOING

Any man who is not blinded by partisanship can see from the following results already achieved, that the Warner tax law was enacted to uncover hidden personal property and that it was not aimed at real estate proprietors:

On a total of 28,832 individual returns of personal property to the state tax commission from 59 counties by persons who were upon the duplicate last year there has been placed on the tax list an increase of \$8,493,785 of personal property—mostly monies and credits—that heretofore had been entirely overlooked by elected assessors.

This increase does not include millions of dollars of additions from persons who have been brought out of hiding and placed on the tax duplicate this year for the first time. In Franklin county, for instance, 793 persons who have never seen a tax assessor until this year have reported \$314,000 of entirely new personal property.

The average increase this year on personal property returns is 32 per cent. The per cent of increase in the rural districts is 21½ per cent; in the cities 38½ per cent. This shows they are getting the personal property where the most of it is lodged. The average increase on personal property returns by the elective assessors was 40.9 per cent and that included both added as by persons already on the duplicate and new returns.

Returns thus far received by the state tax commission prove that the deputies are getting the "big fellows" and not the people of moderate means who have been honest in the past about their taxes. The average personal property return by individuals in the state at large is \$1299. In the cities it is \$1225. In the rural districts \$1175.

District Assessor Harry Myora, of Montgomery county, reported that in man on this duplicate for \$11,099 of personal property in 1933 increased it to \$22,000 this year. Another man in the same city

increased from \$22,000 to \$35,000 and a third person from \$16,000 to \$30,000. One woman who had not been on the Montgomery county duplicate in 20 years returned \$27,000 of personal property, and later called the assessor and reported that she wished to increase her return.

These straws show the way the wind blows. All these increases mean less taxes from those who have made honest returns in the past.

CANAL TOLLS

(Cincinnati Enquirer)

The United States and Great Britain, in 1901, agreed upon the Hay-Pauncefote treaty for the construction of the Panama Canal. In this document will be found the following paragraph as to tolls:

"The canal shall be free and open to the vessels of commerce and of war of all nations observing these rules, on terms of entire equality, so that there shall be no discrimination against any such nation or its citizens or subjects in respect of the conditions or charges of traffic or otherwise. Such conditions and charges of traffic shall be just and equitable."

The Panama Canal act of our Congress, of 1912, contained the following, opening the fifth section:

"That the President is hereby authorized to prescribe and from time to time change the tolls that shall be levied by the government of the United States for the use of the Panama Canal. Provided, that no tolls, when prescribed as above, shall be changed unless six months' notice thereof shall have been given by the President by proclamation. No tolls shall be levied upon vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States."

The proclamation by the President of the United States, dated November 14, 1912, prescribes the following rates to be charged:

"1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo one dollar and twenty cents (\$1.20) per net vessel ton—each one hundred cubic feet or actual earning capacity.

"2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo forty (40) per cent less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo.

"3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships fifty (50) cents per displacement ton.

"4. Upon army and navy transports, colliers, hospital ships, supply ships, ships, one dollar and twenty cents (\$1.20) per net ton, the vessel to be measured by the same rules as are employed to determine the net tonnage of merchant vessels."

Once in a while the plain citizen and reader desires a few basic facts for information alongside the speeches and writing of controversialists, of whom we have a plenty, with more to come. There are arguments based upon party platforms and fealty and upon sectional demands. Also, there are references to the faith of a nation in treaty obligations.

GOES AFTER BAD CLAIMS

Columbus, O., March 12.—More than \$24,000 in bad claims were turned over to State Auditor Donahay for collection by the state department of public works. The claims represent amounts due the state from corporations and individuals for water and land rentals along the state's canal properties and lake reservations.

SPRING

Opening At The Ringwalt Store On Wednesday

The spring opening of the Ringwalt store was a great success. It was held all day Wednesday and was attended by hundreds of people who were conducted through every department upon all four floors. New goods were displayed in abundance and were arranged to excellent advantage for inspection. Many people attended in the morning, but the rush was in the afternoon when the store was filled with pleased visitors.

The four floors were decorated prettily and artistically for the occasion. Music, furnished by Brigade's orchestra, was enjoyed from two to five o'clock. The opening was one of the best and one of the most successful that the store has ever held.

Emily Stevens, a niece of Mrs. Plake, is to be starred in a new play next season, according to announcement of George C. Tyler of the Liebler Company.

NOTABLES IN THE LIMELIGHT

Colonel G. W. Goethals, Who Will Govern Canal Zone.



© by American Press Association.

Plans for the organization of a permanent government on the Panama canal zone have been submitted to President Wilson by Colonel George W. Goethals, who made the trip to Washington for that purpose. The new government will come into existence on April 1 next, when Colonel Goethals takes the title of governor. The isthmian canal commission goes out of existence on that date by executive order and Colonel Goethals becomes the civil and administrative head of the zone. The term of office is four years and the salary \$10,000. As chairman of the commission and chief engineer Colonel Goethals has been receiving a salary of \$15,000.

The new governor is a plain, straightforward, clean living man, without any pretensions and no ambitions aside from a desire to do his full duty. He is a six footer, ruddy, with snow white hair. His tastes are simple and money means little to him. He is a hard worker and a poor man. His name, by the way, isn't George Washington Goethals. He was christened George Williams, but the late "Sunset" Cox, who appointed him to West Point, only had his initials, and he put the name down as George Washington. After the appointment was made the red tape of the army made it impossible to have the error corrected, so the George Washington has clung to Goethals. Colonel Goethals was born in Brooklyn, fifty-six years ago, and is of Dutch descent. He entered West Point in 1876, was graduated four years later and assigned to the corps of engineers. In 1907 he was appointed chairman and chief engineer of the isthmian canal commission.

Coal Strike Investigation. That the congressional subcommittee investigating the Colorado coal miners' strike is determined to get at the bottom facts is apparent. At the beginning of the hearing at Trinidad the subcommittee indicated that one of its chief purposes is to learn whether the constitution and laws of Colorado are fairly enforced and observed in the coal fields. The congressional subcommittee is composed of Representatives Martin D. Foster of Illinois, chairman; Howard Sutherland of West Virginia; R. W. Austin of Tennessee; J. M. Evans of Montana and J. F. Byrnes of South Carolina.

Congressman Evans, who has been very active in the investigation, is a native of Missouri, fifty-one years old, and is a graduate of West Point Military academy and of the University of Missouri. Since 1898 he has practiced law at Missouri. Mont. For several years he was police judge of that city and was largely instrumental in establishing commission government there. He was the first commission mayor elected in Montana.



© by Buck, Washington.

do are fairly enforced and observed in the coal fields. The congressional subcommittee is composed of Representatives Martin D. Foster of Illinois, chairman; Howard Sutherland of West Virginia; R. W. Austin of Tennessee; J. M. Evans of Montana and J. F. Byrnes of South Carolina.

Congressman Evans, who has been very active in the investigation, is a native of Missouri, fifty-one years old, and is a graduate of West Point Military academy and of the University of Missouri. Since 1898 he has practiced law at Missouri. Mont. For several years he was police judge of that city and was largely instrumental in establishing commission government there. He was the first commission mayor elected in Montana.

HENRY SIEGEL

New York Merchant and Capitalist Indicted by Grand Jury.



SIEGEL AND VOGEL HELD

Grand Jury Returns Three Presentments Against the Men.

New York, March 12.—Henry Siegel and Frank Vogel, thrice indicted, were held in \$25,000 bail by Judge Rosalsky in the general sessions court. The three presentments were the first of a series the grand jury is to hand down against the men.

Two allegations charging the men with accepting deposits in the private bank of Henry Siegel & Company are in the first two indictments, while the third charges them with obtaining \$25,000 from the National Bank of Commerce on the strength of an alleged false statement as to the financial condition of the Fourteenth street store. It is charged they neglected to mention an indebtedness of about \$1,500,000 to various interests.

Henry Siegel, himself, had a narrow escape from a mob which thronged about the federal building. Siegel was saved by being smuggled down a private elevator and out of the building.

LITERACY TEST WILL BE RETAINED

Prediction of Members of Senate Immigration Committee.

Washington, March 12.—Whether the literacy test shall be retained in the Burnett immigration bill by the senate committee is soon to be determined. Predictions were made by several members of the committee that the literacy test as it passed the house would be retained, despite doubt as to the reception it might receive at the White House.

President Wilson has had no hesitancy in telling senators who have sought his opinion on the subject that he does not favor the literacy test as a means of restricting immigration. These senators, however, are in doubt as to whether the president would veto a bill containing such a provision, and apparently a majority of the committee proposes to vote for the literacy test regardless of the prospect of a veto.

MILITANTS' DEEDS ALARM TOURISTS

London Hotel Keepers Looking For a Heavy Loss.

London, March 12.—That portion of London which harvests the dollars of American tourists is showing much concern over the closing of sight-seeing shrines as a result of acts of vandalism committed by suffragets. The manager of a hotel, half of whose guests come from the United States, said that the places now closed are those which Americans come half way across the world to see, and that therefore he looks for a heavy loss, arguing that if a number of tourists do not remain away they are almost certain to curtail their stays at points of interest.

It is also feared, according to this hotel manager, that the stories of suffraget outrages have been so painted in the United States that the timid tourists will give London a wide berth. As the suffragets' bombs usually have been placed at points to which tourists are attracted, the claim is made that fear of explosions already has caused many American women to hasten through London without making their usual stops at them.

Not only do the poor pay more than the rich for food products, as has been shown by expert inquiry in New York, but they pay cash.

Spring Coats are Fascinating

Introducing the New Tiered or Fan-tail Coats.

And in lengths so clever that when worn with a tiered or tunicked skirt, why, they simply add another tunic to the toilette. Some have the extended skirt effect that relieves them of every whit of plainness. Priced \$8.50 upward

Balmacaan the Smart Coats

In fabrics that the Scotch Highlanders reveal in. In weaves that the Englishman alone knows how to make. Tweeds and plaids and how the young women will like them.

\$12.50 and \$15.00

Coats in these Weaves

Crepes
Poplins
Waffle Weaves
Diagonals
Crepes
Worstedes
Sturdy Serges
Rich Novelties

Fancy Eponges
Honeycombs
English Tweeds
Garbardines
Bold Plaids
Wool Eponges

\$10.00 to \$25.00

The J. S. Ringwalt Company

BLADENSBURG

Mrs. Lily Nethers and little daughter, Thelma, of Fredericktown, spent a few days this week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey.

Wallace Cummins and Paul Elliott spent Friday and Saturday with friends at Hunts Station.

Miss Lola Frye is visiting her sister in Utica.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Wiggins spent Sunday with relatives at New Guilford.

Miss Alice McCommet, who has been visiting her parents for several weeks left last Friday for Gary, Indiana.

Mrs. T. J. Hess and sons, Harry and Glen, visited from Friday until Sunday with relatives at Danville.

Mrs. Katie Cummins spent Friday with her parents near Dennis.

Harry Melick has bought the grocery of C. W. Hess. He will open a first class restaurant.

Mrs. Ida Rine spent a few days with her parents.

Mr. Parr Donahay and daughter, Leota, were Mt. Vernon callers Saturday.

Several from here attended revival meeting at Fallsburg Sunday night.

MONROE MILLS

Mr. Charles Knox of Mt. Vernon is visiting his sister, Mrs. Ida Bolling.

Mr. M. C. and W. H. Wagner visited their father, Mr. Joseph Wagner and wife of near Brandon Tuesday.

Mrs. Marion Purdy and daughter, Miss Grace, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Moses Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Hall and Mr. Frank Laughterbaugh spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Wagner.

MT. ZION

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nicholls of Dusty Bottom and Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Elbert spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Burch.

Mr. Roy Scoles of near Gambler expects to move on Mrs. Launa Donahay's farm soon.

Mr. Clyde Thompson spent Friday with friends near Galena.

Mr. Wm. Taylor, who has purchased the Vanatta farm near Newark, expects to move the last of the month.

Mr. Wm. C. Miller of Newark was at this place Wednesday looking after the business interests of his farm.

Miss Evaline Schooler, who has been seriously ill for two weeks, was able to return to her school near Parity, Monday.

Mr. Wm. Reed and family moved on Mr. Earl Burch's farm last week.

Mrs. Launa Donahay is visiting relatives near Galena.

Mr. Allen Schooler has purchased Mr. Louis Scoles' farm. Mr. Scoles will move on the John Jones farm near Goshen.

Mr. John Boggs of Newark spent Wednesday and Thursday at his farm here.

Owing to the inclement weather there has been no literary at Mt. Zion for several weeks.

Mrs. Eva Taylor of Mt. Vernon spent part of last week with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Green attended the Grange supper at Hen Peck Wednesday evening.

NEW YORK HAS AN ANNIVERSARY

New York, March 12.—Two hundred and fifty years ago today Charles II

granted to his brother, the Duke of York, a large territory in America to be called in honor of the proprietor New York. The territory included the Dutch settlement of New Amsterdam and the grant was the first step taken toward making New York an English colony. On month later the Duke of York sent a fleet of ships against New Netherland. The Dutch settlers made little resistance and in the autumn of 1664 Fort Amsterdam and Fort Orange were surrendered. The name of New Amsterdam was changed to New York, and that of East Orange to Albany. At the time of the English conquest New Amsterdam had a population of 1500, while the total population of the province was scarcely 10,000.

ARMY OFFICER RETIRES FOR AGE

Washington, D. C., March 12.—Col. John T. Van Orsdale, of the Seventeenth Infantry, recently on duty at Fort McPherson, Ga., was placed on the retired list of the army today on account of having reached the age limit of sixty-two years.

"LOOK OUT FOR THE CARS"

Chicago, Ill., March 12.—A plan for uniformity in railroad crossing signs throughout the country is one of the principal matters to be considered at the fifteenth annual convention of the American Railway Engineering Association, which began in this city today with an attendance representing the leading railroads of the United States and Canada. Advocates of the plan for uniform crossing signs contend that it will result in greater safety and economy.

HILARY A. HERBERT 80 YEARS OLD

Washington, D. C., March 12.—Hilary A. Herbert, who was Secretary of the Navy during President's Cleveland's second term and for many years previous a member of Congress from Alabama, celebrated his eightieth birthday anniversary today. Since his retirement from public life in 1897 Mr. Herbert has made his residence in this city.

TRAVERS AFTER BRITISH GOLF HONORS

New York, March 12.—Jerome D. Travers, holder of the United States amateur golf championship, was among the passengers sailing for England today on the Baltic. The object of his visit to the other side is to compete for the British championship title. After arriving in England he will have about six weeks in which to practice for the tournament, which will be held on the Sandwich links in May.

NOT UNDER THE LAW

Columbus, O., March 12.—Employees of state universities do not come under the protection of the workmen's compensation act. Attorney General Hogan so advised Acting President R. M. Hughes of Miami university, Oxford.

He also held that the new law making eight hours a day's work on public works does not apply to those employed at universities. Only public employes engaged on public works come under the regulation of this statute. This is deemed as constructive work, betterments or improvements.

DAUBE A L'ITALIENNE

In a piece of beef about three inches thick cut slits and insert strips of fat ham and bits of mashed garlic. Brown this daube on both sides in hot lard. When done, add sliced carrots, onions, and enough water to cover. Season with salt, cloves and strong pepper. Cook slowly for eight hours in a covered pan, but do not turn the meat. Now burn a little butter and a spoonful of sugar in a pan, stir in a spoonful of oil, and wet with the sauce of the meat. Pour this on the daube. Spread over the top a half cupful of capers and serve with macaroni, boiled and drained. Sprinkle with butter and grated cheese.—Youth's Companion.

Wanted, For Sale, &c

Rate—5 cents per line, each insertion. Six words to line.

FOR RENT—Store room in Howard by trustees I. O. O. F. lodge. tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—New 7 room house with soft water bath, electric lights and cemented cellar. Call at 715 N. Main street. tf

FOR SALE—Two general purpose colts, 3 and 4 years old; 10 head of Aberdeen Angus heifers, 2 and 3 years old; 1½ horse power gasoline engine with gas attachments and pump jack in good repair. W. E. George, Bell phone 34 W. Citizens' 946. 3-13a

FOR SALE—Farm of 90 acres: 5 acre orchard, bearing for years, good frame house and barn on rural route and telephone line, two and one-half miles from Mt. Liberty. F. L. Rinehart, Centerburg, Citizens' phone F 125. 17

FOR SALE—Lot of Southern Ohio horses. Can be seen at my barn. W. S. Rightmire. 13a

FOR SALE—Cow, Duroc sow and pigs. Citizens' phone 291 black.

TRIED RECIPES

Horse-Radish Sauce. This sauce is especially good for roast beef. Grate a tablespoonful of horseradish, mix it with three tablespoonfuls of cream, a teaspoon of mustard, the same amount of vinegar and of sugar, with salt according to taste.

Blanquette of Veal. Cut breast veal into small squares. Make a blanquette sauce as follows: Melt a large lump of butter in a dish, and as it softens stir in a spoonful of flour; continue to stir, adding, little by little, two glasses of hot water, salt, pepper, parsley, and hashed chives. Put the meat in this sauce; and let it cook a quarter of an hour over a hot fire, then two hours over a gentle fire.

Boiled Potatoes and Tomatoes. Boil Irish potatoes until almost done. Drain and slice thin. Butter a baking dish, and put into it a layer of potatoes with two teaspoonfuls of grated onion and a layer of strained tomatoes with salt and pepper. Add layers of potatoes and onion, and tomato with seasoning, until the dish is nearly full. Cover with bread crumbs and tomatoes, add two ounces of butter in small pieces and bake. Serve hot.

Old-Fashioned Hard Gingerbread. To two thirds of a cupful of sugar add one cupful of molasses with which two teaspoonfuls of soda have been mixed. Rub into this mixture two tablespoonfuls of lard and one tablespoonful of ginger. Add two thirds of a cupful of cold water and enough flour to make the batter the right consistency to roll. When this is rolled thin put in squares and crease each square in parallel lines with the back of a knife. Bake in a buttered tin in a moderate oven until the color becomes a golden brown.